## Smithsonian Institution

1. One ingredient of soil is rock, crumbled into tiny pieces. Rock is the most **DURABLE** stuff in the natural world. So what causes it to crumble? Weather, for one thing-The breakdown doesn't happen overnight, but over a **DURATION** 

the root **DUR** means

a. to crumble

**b.** to break c. to last

wind, rain, changes of temperature. of thousands of years.

SPECIAL CLIMATE STRUCTURE AND ADDRESS OF THE CONTROL OF THE CONTRO

THE R. L. LANGE VIEW BY A PART OF THE RESERVE AND THE RESERVE

Find these ten words. They go across, down, or diagonally. Some are spelled backwards. Helpful tip: Look first for common roots.

durable, duration, common, decompose, microbe, microbiology, antibiotic, biofuel, incline, recline

D M В Ε R 0 R E C E 0 M P 0 N S E M 0 G

Our planet is four thousand miles deep. The soil on top of our planet can be just a few feet or a few inches deep. But all life on land depends on that thin skin of soil. Plants take root and grow in soil, and plants feed all life. Some

It's no wonder that our whole planet takes its name from the soil, otherwise

Learn more about the soil in this quiz, in which you unearth the

meanings of a few words by looking at their common roots.

known as earth. Let's just be grateful that we don't live on the planet Dirt.

animals only eat plants. Other animals eat animals that eat plants.

Scientists use the word dirt for the mineral part of soil crumbled rocks. By soil, they mean a mixture of minerals, air, water, rotting plants and roots, and billions of living things. Dirt is sometimes lifeless. Soil is always alive.

Strangely, soil got its name from only one living thing. In the Old French language, a soil was a wallow for pigs—the place where they went to cool down.



5. Of course, pigs are not the only ones **INCLINED** to **RECLINE** in the soil.

Victoria Snowber/Getty Imag

the root COM means

a. together

b. apart

c. alive

3. There are more living things in one spoonful of soil than there are people in the world. Most of those living things are MICROBES, such as bacteria, which can only be seen with a MICROSCOPE.

4. A MICROBIOLOGIST can

find amazing **BIOGRAPHIES** 

in that spoonful of soil. Some

**ANTIBIOTICS**, medicines that

kill harmful germs. Some can

produce ethanol, a BIOFUEL.

soil microbes can produce

2. Soil is also COMPOSED of

living things, and living things that

have died. Living and dead work

in **COMMON** cause. Living things

puts nutrition into the soil so that

new plants can grow.

**DECOMPOSE** dead plants and animals by feeding on them. This

the root MICRO means

a. living in soil

**b.** very large c. very small

the root **BIO** means

a. science **b.** life

c. health

the root **CLIN** means

a. lean toward **b.** stand up

c. flee from

There's a new exhibition on soil at the Smithsonian's National Museum of Natural History in Washington, D.C. It's called Dig It! The Secrets of Soil. An online version is at forces.si.edu/soils.

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